

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A SMALL FARM, FARM buildings, stock, tools, etc., in exchange for city residence with view of ocean. Will sell or exchange for \$7000; can pay cash if necessary. No commission to agents. Address: FARMER, P. O. Box 1887, City.

WANTED—NAMES OF PARTIES suffering from rheumatism or neuralgia. We want to cure them and add their names to our collection. Address: ARROWHEAD HOT SPRINGS HOTEL, 6 miles north of San Bernardino.

WANTED—SEE WHAT YOU CAN do with a horse and carriage. I have a fine horse and carriage for sale. Address: ELLIOTT, 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—COLLECTIONS OF stamps. DUNNING & HANNA, 455 S. Spring St., will pay cash for collections of foreign and U. S. postage stamps.

WANTED—OLD CUSTOMERS OF Arrowhead Hot Springs to write us, as we are getting up a book of "appreciative" letters. Address: E. C. LEECH & CO., Los Angeles.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER, LATE of 1000 and 1000 suits. I have a fine suit for sale. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—SUBSCRIBERS FOR THE Country, newsmen, and other magazines. Address: J. C. GILBERT'S PERIODICAL AGENCY, 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE SMALL farm for larger one, or will buy. Address: J. C. GILBERT, 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—PLEASANT BOARDING place in private family. I have a fine house for sale. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—MAN TO FURNISH a house. I have a fine house for sale. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—TO LEASE A 10-ACRE ranch, improved, good house, etc. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—YOU TO CALL AT BEE- son & Reed's and get prices on wall paper and decorating. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE A WORK team of horses for a good roadster and family horse. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—HOUSE OF 4 OR 5 rooms, within 5 blocks of this office. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—ARTISTIC PICTURE framing. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—MONEY, A SMALL LOAN on well located, well improved property. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—TO BUY, SELL OR EX- change material. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—GOODS OF ALL KINDS to store at SANDER'S WAREHOUSE, 221 S. Broadway.

WANTED—BOARD FOR SELF, WIFE and child, in exchange for first-class up-right piano. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—TO TAKE GOOD horse and buggy. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO bookbinding and bookkeeping. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—YOU TO C. A. GOODWIN for painting and decorating rooms. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—CALLA BULBS IN quantity. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—PICTURES TO FRAME cheaply. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

Wanted—Agents.

WANTED—CANNASERS, MALE and female. Apply at 524 S. Pearl St.

WANTED—AGENTS, MALE OR FE- male, to do work in their own neighborhood. Send address to M. B. BOX 100, TIMES.

Wanted—Real Estate.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE; LIST your property with me; city or country, improved or unimproved. I have a fine house for sale. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—TO TAKE GOOD horse and buggy. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO bookbinding and bookkeeping. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—YOU TO C. A. GOODWIN for painting and decorating rooms. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—CALLA BULBS IN quantity. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

WANTED—PICTURES TO FRAME cheaply. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

For Sale—City Property.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—CITY PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

FOR SALE—2500-ORANGE LAND, orange land, 2500 acres, near Los Angeles. Address: 1130 S. Olive St.

Political.

FOR PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.

W. S. WATERS,
Regular Democratic Nominee.

FOR PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.

D. W. FIELD,
Regular Republican Nominee.

FOR SENATOR, 38TH DISTRICT—

R. B. CARPENTER,
Regular Republican Nominee.

FOR COUNTY CLERK—

T. H. WARD,
Regular Republican Nominee.

FOR CORONER—

DR. W. A. WELDON,
Regular Republican Nominee.

FOR SHERIFF—

MARTIN G. AGUIRRE,
Regular Republican Nominee.

FOR COUNTY ASSESSOR—

F. E. GRAY,
Regular Republican Nominee.

FOR RECORDER—

J. A. KELLY,
Regular Republican Nominee.

FOR SHERIFF—

EDWARD D. GIBSON,
Regular Democratic Nominee.

FOR ASSEMBLYMAN, 77TH DIS-

W. S. MOORE,
Regular Republican Nominee.

FOR AUDITOR—

CONVERS HOWE,
Regular Republican Nominee.

Business Notices.

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

PERSONAL—ECONOMIC PRICES:

Money to Loan.

\$1,000,000 TO LOAN AT SIX

MONEY TO LOAN ON LONG OR

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS,

ONE MILLION TO LOAN—IN SUMS

IF YOU WANT MONEY WITHOUT

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE

G. S. ROBINSON LOANS AT 8 PER

MONEY TO LOAN—LOW RATES.

ANY SUM ON REAL ESTATE; 8

\$500 OR \$1000 TO LOAN, E. BAX-

MONEY TO LOAN—LOW RATES.

TO Let—

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

TO LET—HOTEL GLENWOOD, 15

For Exchange.

FOR EXCHANGE—GILT-EDGE PROP-

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR CITY PROP-

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

FOR EXCHANGE—400 PAIRS OF

THE COURTS.

A Boom Case Revived Before Judge Van Dyke.

THE PALOS VERDES LITIGATION.

The De Turk Divorce Suit Finally Settled—A Decree for the Husband—The San Pedro Kidnapers.

The attention of Superior Judge Van Dyke, in Department Four, was yesterday taken up with the trial of the cause of J. K. Tuffree against Alvan D. Brock, the San Pedro Harbor, Dock and Land Extension Company, the Southern Pacific Railroad Land Extension Company, John W. Pearson, H. V. Berner, L. M. Stratton, O. H. Weller, E. M. Lafferty, E. T. Barber, A. E. Davis and Mrs. L. H. Timms.

There is involved in the issue of this case about 700 acres of land, part of the Palos Verdes Rancho, including Timms's landing. The land is very valuable, as it comprises the best portion of the water front of San Pedro Harbor.

The plaintiff, Tuffree, claims that in 1887 he was negotiating with Capt. Timms for this property, agreeing to pay therefor \$25,000; that he employed as his agent A. D. Brock; that after the agreement had been made with Capt. Timms for him (Tuffree) to purchase the land, he commenced negotiations for its sale to John W. Mackay or to Charles F. Crocker, at the time an official of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company; that H. V. Berner came to the city as the representative of Mr. Mackay and W. E. Brown as the representative of Mr. Crocker, to buy up the property; that the parties were sent to San Pedro to look over the land in company with Brock; that the result was, the plaintiff was defrauded of his deed or contract for deed to the ground by the three parties and others. Wherefore the plaintiff asks that the property be restored to him upon his making the payments required by his original contract.

This is the second time the title to this land has been in litigation. Brock some time ago sued J. W. Pearson for a one-quarter interest in the entire body. He was awarded a one-eighth interest.

Yesterday only two witnesses were examined. George H. Peck of El Monte testified at he had loaned to the plaintiff, Tuffree, the money with which to make the original purchase of the land in 1887.

Mr. Tuffree took the stand about two o'clock and held it the rest of the afternoon. He testified as to all of the facts in the case as set out in the complaint. There are eight attorneys engaged in prosecuting and defending the case.

THE DE TURKS.

The Husband Granted a Divorce as Prayed For.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. de Turk are no longer man and wife. Yesterday a decree was issued from Department Six of the Superior Court severing the legal bonds which have heretofore bound them together.

Some months ago Mr. de Turk brought suit for divorce. The grounds of his complaint were adultery and cruelty.

The case has been in the courts for some time and the result is that the husband-plaintiff is given judgment and findings. The attorney for Mrs. de Turk, Stephen M. White, Esq., was allowed \$1250 attorney's fees by the court.

Mrs. de Turk, when her husband entered suit, brought a counter complaint. She made a general denial of the charges, alleged cruelty, adultery and condonation on the part of her husband.

Owing to the fact that the plaintiff in the original suit, whose attorney was Henry T. Gage, Esq., had large property interests, the trial of the case occupied a great deal of time, as considerable testimony was taken. The sessions of the court were held with closed doors, and great precaution was taken to prevent any evidence reaching the public through the medium of the press. Deputy Sheriffs were changed every day while the case was on, but despite all that was done THE TIMES gave the essentials of the case to its readers daily.

The attorney for Mr. de Turk is engaged drawing up the findings.

SAN PEDRO KIDNAPERS.

F. C. Kiel, One of the Parties, Found Guilty as Charged.

F. C. Kiel of San Pedro, was yesterday found guilty by a jury in Department One of the Superior Court, of the charge of kidnaping.

This case had been on trial before Judge Cheney and the jury for about twenty-four hours. The "twelve good men and true" were given the matter of the prisoner's innocence or guilt to determine about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. After being out only one hour and a half they returned a verdict of guilty as charged.

The prisoner is the patrolman of the Coast Seaman's Union. On the 26th of February last he boarded a schooner lying at the wharf at San Pedro and with the assistance of some of the members of the union, he kidnaped Louis Bush and Henry Kemp, two non-union sailors. The men were taken off, and for some days their whereabouts could not be ascertained. They finally turned up all right. The

result was that Kiel and his comrades were arrested for kidnaping. On Saturday Kiel will be sentenced.

JEAN DELBASTY.

His Fate Now Rests in the Hands of the Jury.

The trial of Jean Delbasty, on a charge of adultery, was resumed before Judge Shaw and a jury yesterday morning in Department Six of the Superior Court.

Two witnesses were placed on the stand in rebuttal, and then the testimony closed the case. No important or material points were brought out. After brief arguments on the part of the Deputy District Attorney for the prosecution, and B. N. Smith for the defense, the case was given to the jury. At 2:45 they retired to deliberate.

At 7:30 last evening the jury filed back into the courtroom and asked the judge to define the term "notorious cohabitation." The judge stated it meant open, public cohabitation. The jury then returned to their room and the judge's explanation seemed to have no effect upon the ballot. As they could not agree, they were locked up for the night.

Court Notes.

A petition was filed with the County Clerk yesterday by J. M. Elliott, William Coulter and George Milliken, executors and executrix, asking that the will of Louise L. Milliken, deceased, be admitted to probate. The petitioners asked that they be appointed the executors and executrix without bonds. The deceased left an estate valued at \$50,000. According to the provisions of the will the estate is divided between her husband and two children. The following were yesterday given naturalization papers in the various departments of the Superior Court: Pierre Barilich, a native of France; John F. Jenkins, a native of Canada; Gregory McDonald, a native of England; Rafael Feiy, a native of Mexico; Andrew Dungan, a native of England; B. Mendelson, a native of Russia, and E. McLeaman, a native of England.

New Cases.

The following new cases were filed yesterday with the County Clerk:

Aaron W. Royal sues Gilbert L. Dennison et al., to secure possession of lot 9, block E, of the Mott tract, and \$73.34 damages and balance of rents due.

George W. Harris petitions for appointment as guardian of Margaret A. Lewis, his sister, an insane person.

SANTA MONICA.

Dime Socials all the Rage—Railroad Business for September.

SANTA MONICA, Oct. 9.—(Correspondence of THE TIMES.) Dime socials seem to be all the rage here just at present. Wednesday the good "old mothers" Israel, assisted by their bright and charming younger "sisters" of St. Augustine, gave one at the Lawrence House, which was very interesting and pleasant for those in attendance. Last night the ladies of the Presbyterian Church gave one which was equally enjoyable. A bright little lady said to your correspondent, "I never knew until now how much enjoyment there was in a dime."

Misses Beech, Forham and Alice Jones, nieces of Senator Jones, left for Gold Hill, Nev.

Messrs. Degenhardt and Jewett caught over twelve thousand pounds of smelts, surfs, sardines, etc., today, most of which they shipped to Los Angeles.

Judge Fitzgerald has purchased a lot on Fifth street, where he intends to build a summer home. When he does he will be warmly welcomed to the city by the sea.

Rev. A. B. Morrison, the new minister of the M. E. Church here, has taken charge of the parish.

The Southern Pacific station agent furnished your correspondent a copy of the tonnage report of this place for the month of September, which is as follows:

Freight forwarded, 97,700 pounds; freight received, 480,855 pounds; total received and forwarded, 578,555 pounds; freight charges on the same amounting to \$740.88. The station men handled exclusively 219,100 pounds. The increase for the month of September, 1890, over that of 1889 is 8940 pounds of local freight, and a very flattering increase, and proves that Santa Monica is no mean place to tie to. If we had a wharf these figures would be increased many thousands folds, and it is believed that at no late day the Southern Pacific will give us one of no mean proportion.

Dwelling Houses Burned.

Yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock a one-story frame cottage, No. 629, at the corner of San Pedro and Seventh streets, occupied by Peter Johnson, was destroyed by fire. Mrs. Johnson started to light a gasoline stove, which had probably been leaking, and the oil ignited, blazing up, and burning her badly about the face and arms. She ran shrieking out of the house, which caught fire and was consumed, together with all the contents. The flames then communicated to the adjoining house, also a frame cottage, occupied by Mr. Lawson, which was badly injured, the roof being burned off and the planking on the side burned. Mrs. Lawson was a severe attack of palpitation of the heart, caused by fright. The adjoining house, occupied by colored people, was slightly damaged.

The loss to Johnson is probably \$3000, and Lawson nearly as much. The amount of the insurance could not be learned.

Digest Your Food.

If you want to be healthy. How can you if your teeth refuse to do their work? Get them put in order by skillful dentists, and use SOZODONT to keep them tight. SOZODONT is the best preparation for the teeth.

WILLY WILLETT.

He Gave the Sheriff the Slip at Colton.

ESCAPED WHILE SHACKLED.

He Dashed Through a Crowd of Men at the Depot, and Made Good His Escape in the Darkness.

Nathan Willett, the Norwalk farmer, who was arrested for a murder committed eighteen years ago in Anderson county, Texas, and was turned over to Sheriff Bixley of Lee county, Texas, by Sheriff Aguirre, Tuesday night, made his escape from the Texas Sheriff at Colton night before last. Willett was described to Sheriff Aguirre before he made the arrest near Norwalk, as one of the toughest criminals who ever escaped from Texas, and for that reason Aguirre would not allow Willett to go to his house after the arrest, and for this precaution he has been roundly abused by Willett's neighbors, who think the Sheriff should have allowed the murderer to go to his home to bid his family good-bye.

Willett's subsequent acts prove, however, that Aguirre was not in the least wrong in his decision. The murderer to enter his house, the chances are that there would have been another killing.

When Willett was turned over to Bixley, in this city, that officer made up his mind to get his man out of the city as soon as possible, so he took a writ of habeas corpus, so he took the first train, which was the Colton local, out of the city, intending to wait at Colton for the overland, which left this city at 5:10 o'clock night before last.

A few minutes before 7 o'clock, or just before the overland reached Colton, Bixley and his prisoner were sitting in the depot waiting-room. Willett, who was handcuffed, was only a few feet from the waiting-room door, and Bixley was sitting next to him furthest from the door. Willett's overcoat was on the seat next the Sheriff, and Willett began to shiver and asked Bixley to place the coat over his shoulders.

Bixley leaned over to get the coat, and as he did so Willett made a break for the door, and with both hands he opened the door, rushed out and slammed the door in the officer's face. Before Bixley could get out Willett was dashing through a crowd of men and the officer was afraid to shoot. Willett ran down through the Mexican portion of the town and made good his escape.

A lot of officers and Mexicans started after him, and after a short chase in the afternoon they were reported to be close on his track. He still wears the handcuffs, so far as is known, as it will be impossible for him to get them off unless some one assists him with a file.

It is said by some that Bixley got quite a large sum of money on his ranch before he left this city, and it was intimated by several who witnessed the escape that he has used his money to that end.

The manner in which Willett was given away did not leak out until yesterday. Some twelve or thirteen years ago Willett was named Ball, and he carried two sisters in Norwalk. Two men became warm friends and finally bought ranches adjoining each other a few miles from the home of their wives. For a long time the brothers-in-law were on good terms, but last spring Ball and his wife quarreled, and Willett took sides with his sister-in-law against her husband, and the two men became bitter enemies.

Ball was in the city when Sheriff Aguirre brought Willett in and he was anxious to identify his brother-in-law, but the officers kept the two men separate, as they were sure that they had a right man. Ball was not satisfied, however, so he made up his mind to go to Texas and attend the trial and see his brother-in-law hung, so he boarded the train that carried Willett and the Sheriff out of the city and was present in the depot when Willett escaped. He assisted in the chase yesterday, and is more anxious than anyone else to see Willett captured, for he knows that if the desperate little man gets a chance he will return and make graveyard freight of his affectionate brother-in-law.

Sheriff Aguirre is on the lookout for Willett, and will arrest him as soon as he shows up in this country.

Lost His Bride Temporarily. A bridal couple had a rather unpleasant experience Wednesday. They were married in Los Angeles and started for San Diego on their bridal tour. When near Santa Ana the young man went into the smoking car to have a quiet cigar. He did not know that the train was divided at Santa Ana, and that two of the cars were switched off, and before he realized how matters were he found that he was off on a side track, while his bride was going at a lively rate for San Diego. He got the train back in a few seconds, however, and man-

aged to have the bride stopped at the first station, where he followed on a hand-car.

THE EAST SIDE.

A Kick on Tree Trimming—Sensible Suggestions—News Notes.

The monthly raid upon property owners to request them to trim their trees lining the streets in front of their property has commenced, and the same difficulties are met which obstructed this work in the preceding months, a failure to find the owners of the vacant lots in front of which the trees are in a shameful condition. The policemen are supposed to notify all on their beats to trim their trees. In East Los Angeles the day man has a territory embracing about four square miles, in which there are hundreds of lots not occupied and the owners of these are unknown to the people living in the vicinity. To secure the required information would take an officer, unacquainted with the business of searching records, more than his spare time while on duty, and then the only satisfaction he would have would be to write such owner that his trees should be trimmed, and by law he would be compelled to do so. Before satisfaction could be obtained in many instances, the trees would be in such a shape that they would entirely obstruct travel. It has been suggested that the city appoint an officer (if it belongs to the police department), whose business it shall be to attend to nothing else but this tree-trimming ordinance, thus relieving the department of the greatest of difficulties. If the residents were all owners of the property they occupy, and the owners of vacant lots were all residents of the city, then the task would not be so irksome, but such is not the case, and the patrolmen of the department get all the blame for the condition of the trees lining the streets. There is hardly a day that the chief's office is not burdened with complaints from pedestrians, who have had their hats knocked off or their faces slapped by low hanging limbs. This condition of things can be eliminated by appointing a man especially for that business, whose duty it should be to make a thorough canvass of the entire city, and when the owner cannot be reached, he notified him by the trees trimmed by the city and the cost charged up to the property and collected the same as taxes are collected.

Mrs. White of Cincinnati is spending the winter in Southern California, and is at present a guest at the Glenwood. F. M. Nickel, who left for the East several months since for his health, is expected home in a few days.

Nathan Cole, Jr., who has been in St. Louis, Mo., for the past four weeks on business, returned yesterday.

Ralph Rogers has made the Supervisors a proposition to trade his toll-bridge and right-of-way across the Arroyo Seco for the county right-of-way lying south of the present structure. It is suggested that had not the Cross road destroyed the drive at Garvanza, it might have been an object to make the trade, but under the existing circumstances it will hardly pay to make the trade worse than it is at present.

The kindergarten school opens today at the Hellman-street building. Children from 5 to 6 years of age are admitted.

Mrs. Foss of the West Side has taken her vacation on the East Side for the winter.

Miss Laura Meyer, of 212 South Daly street, is on the sick list.

Some persons wanting some gentlemen's underwear helped themselves to a pair of undershirts in front of Mr. Week's store, on Wednesday.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Preparations for the Agricultural Display Next Week.

On Monday next the products for display at the agricultural and horticultural part of the Sixth District Fair will be arranged in the hall of the Chamber of Commerce, which will be closed on Friday and Saturday, to enable the ladies to decorate and the carpenters to arrange the tables. It is proposed to have a large arch in the center of the hall, and the stage will be lighted with an electric display by the light company. The space in the room set apart for art has nearly all been taken, and the pictures will be hung on Saturday. The galleries will be occupied by trades displays and the main portion of the hall will be taken by the art and vegetable.

A band will be in attendance every evening and the members of the Ladies' Annex will dispense cooling beverages and ice cream. The horticultural display promises to be the best ever made. Westminster and Santa Ana will make large displays, and the people in surrounding towns are taking a great interest in this part of the fair. Those in charge suggest that articles for the display be forwarded to the Chamber of Commerce on Saturday, so that they may be put in place on Monday.

Drunk and Reckless.

B. D. Branscom, a young man from the country, came into the city yesterday, and proceeded promptly to celebrate the event by getting drunk, and driving in a reckless manner up and down the principal streets. After running into two or three vehicles, he finally brought up against a cable car, and but for the quick work of the gripman, a serious collision would have resulted. Branscom was then taken in charge by officer Weatherman, and locked up on a charge of drunk and reckless driving.

Marriage Licenses.

The following persons obtained licenses to wed at the County Clerk's office yesterday:

Tranquillino Mendoza, aged 40, and Maria Jesus Lopez, aged 26, both natives of Mexico.

Thomas F. Joyce, a native of Ireland, aged 27, to Sarah Oppewell, a native of Massachusetts, aged 25.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

Changes that Take Place January 1, 1891.

THE SALARIES OF OFFICERS.

Los Angeles Still a County of the Fifth Class, Notwithstanding the Great Increase of Population.

As far as the county government act, passed at the last session of the Legislature, is concerned, on and after January 1st, 1891, the county of Los Angeles will be only a county of the fifth class, despite the fact that the borough has a population of over 100,000 inhabitants.

This is a matter of a great deal of importance, as it involves the salaries to be paid the county officials who will be elected on the 4th of November next.

At the last session of the Legislature the county government act was amended, and through the efforts of the representatives from this county a clause was inserted which covered Los Angeles county, it evidently being framed for that express purpose. But it did not effect the incumbents who were in office at the time the bill became a law and who are the present county officers.

Therefore the gentlemen now filling the county offices are laboring for the people for the compensation allowed them by the county government act passed by the Legislature in 1887. This same statute, as amended two years ago, becomes operative when the officers elected November 4th of this year are sworn in.

WHAT THE CHANGES ARE. The result of the operation of the new or amended law upon the salaries of county officials is shown by the following tabulated statement.

Office.	Salary at present.	as it will be.
County Clerk.	\$ 9200.	\$ 4000.
Sheriff.	12,500.	4000.
Recorder.	9000.	3500.
Auditor.	3500.	2500.
Treasurer.	1800.	2500.
Tax Collector.	3500.	2500.
Assessor.	9000.	3500.
Dist. Attorney.	5000.	3500.
Coroner.	3000.	3500.
Public Administrator.	fees.	fees.
Supt. of Schools.	2500.	3500.
Surveyor.	fees.	fees.

In the salary of the justices of the peace and constables, no change will be made, the same regulation controlling under the law of 1889 as prevailed under the law of 1887.

It will be noted that under the new law there is quite a reduction in the matter of salaries. But the salary made by the law of 1887 for each officer is not to be paid to him until he has served for that many of his deputies. Under the new law the salary named for each officer is the net compensation he is to receive for his individual services. This same statute makes the following provision in the matter of deputies:

PROVISION FOR DEPUTIES.

The Board of Supervisors shall allow the several officers mentioned in this section, deputy clerks, assistant or assistants as may be necessary to properly transact the business of their respective offices, in connection with the principal, at such salary as the board may deem proper, not to exceed, except in this sub-division provided, for each assistant or deputy \$100 per month; provided that the Board of Supervisors shall have the power to allow to each county officer, other than a chief deputy at a salary to be fixed by the board, not to exceed \$150 per month, provided, further, that the Board of Supervisors shall not exceed \$150 per month; the District Attorney an assistant at a salary not to exceed \$150 per month; and provided, further, that said board shall allow to the District Attorney such deputies as may be necessary to transact the business of his office to be paid not to exceed \$133.33 per month.

All salaries provided for are to be county charges except as to principals and assistants.

NOT OF THE FIRST CLASS. Some little speculation has been indulged in as to whether or not Los Angeles could be named as a county of the first class, having over 100,000 people by the census of 1890. A number of lawyers were consulted by a TIMES reporter yesterday, and they all united in the opinion that the law expressly gave as a basis of the classification of counties of the census of 1880. The following is the section which covers the ground:

Section 162. For the purpose of regulating the compensation of all officers hereinbefore provided for, the several counties of the State are hereby classified, and shall hereinafter remain classed, according to their population as ascertained by the federal census taken in the year 1880.

The population of Los Angeles county in 1880, which by the above section is the basis of classification, was 83,373. The act which governs passed the Legislature March 16, 1889.

The Chicago Exhibit. Dan Freeman yesterday received the following telegram from President Marnel of the Santa Fe, announcing the arrival of the first car-load for the permanent Chicago exhibit:

First car of Southern California exhibit arrived here Sunday, and contents were all taken up to the exhibit room on Monday and labeled and put in position the same day. The hall will be open to the public on the 8th. All the watermelons and squashes and articles in glass case in good condition, the trees in superior order. All the delicious fruit and trees, the colossal melons, squashes and sweet potatoes, beets, onions and many other things will attract crowds and make visitors wonder at the greatness of Southern California.

Worthless Coupon Tickets. Good for mud and mineral baths and three days' board at the Broadhead Hot Springs Hotel, are being promiscuously spread about the city. The tickets are all void unless issued by one of the Santa Fe ticket offices, or Will Beach traveling agent.

Clothing.

OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.

We show this week a line of our \$10.00 OVERCOATS and \$3.50 PANTS. They are excellent value. Also a number of new styles in MEN'S SUITS, ranging in price from \$5.00 to \$25.00. If you are in need of anything in our line, it will be worth your while to give them passing notice.

OUR FURNISHING GOODS DISPLAY

CONSISTS OF:

Borg's Grey and Scarlet Underwear, all wool.	.75c each
Men's White Merino Underwear.	.50c each
Men's Colored Merino Underwear.	.50c each
Men's Fine Scarlet Underwear.	\$1.50 each
Men's Camel Hair Underwear.	\$1.00 each
Hose for 5c, 10c, 12c, 20c, 25c, and.	.50c pair
Fancy night shirts, extra bargain.	.50c each
Flannellette Outing Shirts, splendid value.	.50c each
Elegant neck wear for 15c, 25c, 50c, and.	.75c each

WE AIM TO GIVE THE BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

London Clothing Co.

Cor. Spring and Temple Streets.

SOME FACTS ABOUT

ASPHALT PAVING.

It is now used in thirty-four cities, the total area laid being over four million square yards. Washington, with about five miles laid of asphalt pavement, "aspiring" to have the position of the first residence city in our country, counts greatly on its pavements for help in reaching it. Buffalo has over fifty miles of noiseless pavement. On asphalt.

THE SAME FORCE WILL DRAW A LOAD THREE TIMES AS HEAVY

AS ON ORDINARY STONE PAVEMENT.

Asphalt is clean and healthful. Stone has one-fifth of its surface of joints filled with animal filth. Horses' hoofs draw more water from joints, and repairs of vehicles and harness are less on asphalt than on any other.

In observations to ascertain the volume of traffic on streets, by Capt. F. V. Green, U. S. Engineers, several remarkable instances were given of the manner in which smooth asphalt streets have drawn traffic away from stone pavements, the most notable instance being in St. Louis, where, on Olive St., paved with granite, the daily traffic per foot of width is only 7 tons, while on Locust St. asphalt it is 103 tons, the two streets being parallel, adjacent and similar in every respect, and paved at the same time.

ALL PROGRESS IN STREET PAVING IS IN THE DIRECTION OF

SURFACES OF SILENT ASPHALT.

Los Angeles should not lose sight of the advantages of good pavement.

THE ASPHALT PAVING CO.,

505 N. Main St., Los Angeles

Contractors for Asphalt Paving, Sidewalks, Warehouse Floors.

J. J. SCHALLERT, President. T. W. BROTHERTON, Vice-President.

J. H. BURKS, Sec'y and Treas. Cor. Third and Spring Sts.

CITIZENS' ICE CO.

CAPITAL, \$100,000.

DIRECTORS: J. J. Schallert, T. A. C. Lowe, Geo. R. Shatto, W. L. Packard, T. W. Brotherton.

This Company will soon be fully equipped to furnish the citizens of Los Angeles solid ice, manufactured from water, free from all impurities. The ice furnished by this Company will be delivered to the homes of the citizens, and will be as pure as the distilled water of commerce.

The Citizens' Company was formed to relieve the imposition of a monopoly, and the fully intend to do it, and will furnish ice at the lowest rates. Do not contract with any other company.

NILES PEASE,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Eastern Parlor and Chamber Furniture,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, WINDOW SHADES, ETC.

New Nos. 337, 339 and 341 N. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

LINES OF CITY BUSINESS.

DR. STEINHART'S

ESSENCE

LIFE

This great strengthening remedy and nerve tonic is the most positive cure known for

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Spermatorrhea, Seminal Losses, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Blurred Vision, Lassitude, Languor, General Debility, Depression of Spirits, Aversion to Society, Nervous Irritability, Loss of Confidence, Business, Lethargy, Unfitness for Study or Business and finding life a burden, safely, permanently and privately cured.

PRICES—\$2.50 in liquid or pill form, or five times the quantity, if Address

DR. P. STEINHART,

Rooms 7 and 8, No. 215 1/2, formerly 115 1/2, West First Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Office Hours: 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. Sundays: 10 to 12. All communications strictly

EARLY SNOWS.

The First Fall of the Season on the Coast.

Carson, Sonora and Terra City Covered with White.

A Third "California on Wheels" to be Sent to the East.

The State Board of Trade Decides to Repeat the Experiment—Offering Rewards for Harrington's Assassins.

By Telegraph to The Times.

SIERRA CITY (Cal.) Oct. 9.—The first snow of the season fell here this afternoon. Just a year ago yesterday the terrible storms of last season commenced in the mountains which culminated in the memorable railroad blockade of several weeks duration last February.

SONORA (Cal.) Oct. 9.—A cold rain accompanied by a strong southeast wind set in here today. It is still cloudy. The indications are for a continued storm.

CARSON (Nev.) Oct. 9.—There was a slight fall of snow during the night, and this morning the weather was cold and chilly. It is snowing heavily here tonight.

HERRINGTON'S SOIREE.

Kern Citizens Want a Reward Offered for the Perpetrators.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Oct. 9.—[By the Associated Press.] No arrests have been made yet of the party who tarred and feathered Herrington. A committee representing themselves to be from Delano appeared before the supervisors today asking that they offer a reward for the arrest of the perpetrators. Their request was not granted, but they promised to give liberally for the prosecution after the arrest. The district attorney also stated to the board that he was ready to leave no stone unturned toward the capture and prosecution of the parties implicated.

There seems to be no doubt in the minds of the citizens of Kern county but that the shooting of Herrington was accidental, and the statement that he was tortured with carbolic acid is untrue.

WILL TRY IT AGAIN.

A Third Advertising Train to be Sent to San Francisco, Oct. 9.—The State Board of Trade is so flattered by the attention paid "California on Wheels" and its success, that a third train will be sent out next year. So far over a million persons have visited the exhibit.

WITHDRAWN FREE.

An Important Decision Under the New Tariff Bill.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—[By the Associated Press.] The prison directors have gained their point in the question at issue between them and Collector Phelps regarding the payment of duties on jute in bond withdrawn before February 1. The collector referred the matter to Washington for decision, and this morning received the following telegram from Assistant Secretary Spaulding:

Goods free under the present law, which were warehoused under the provisions of the previous law, may now be withdrawn free.

THE IRON MEN.

Joint Session of the British and American Societies.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 9.—[By the Associated Press.] The first joint session of the British Iron and Steel Institute and the American societies of engineers and iron and steel manufacturers was held this morning. Sir James Kitson, president of the British Iron and Steel Institute, presided. John H. Rickison delivered an address of welcome. Sir James Kitson replied. Several papers were read as follows: "The Probable Future of the Manufacture of Iron," by Sir Lowthien Bell; "Protection of Iron and Steel Ships Against Foundering," by Sir Nathaniel Barnaby; "Development of the Marine Engine During the Past Fifteen Years," by A. E. Seaton.

This afternoon the visitors were taken to the Wildwood oil field, the Westinghouse Air Brake works and other industries along the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers.

SUICIDED WHILE INSANE.

Strange Death of the Son of Ex-Gov. Sprague.

SEATTLE (Wash.) Oct. 9.—[By the Associated Press.] William Sprague, Jr., son of ex-Gov. Sprague of Rhode Island, was found dead in bed in his room Tuesday evening. Half a bottle of chloroform lay on the floor beside the bed. He left a letter of incoherent sentences, which gives rise to the fact that he was temporarily insane.

PROVIDENCE (R. I.) Oct. 9.—News of the suicide of Willie Sprague, son of ex-Gov. William Sprague, was a surprise here. His mother is Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague, daughter of the late Salmon P. Chase, Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court. He was born at Canochet, R. I., about twenty-five years ago, and his earlier years were made bright by all the great wealth his father enjoyed could afford.

State Shooting Tournament. SACRAMENTO, Oct. 9.—In the State Shooting Tournament today, in the first shoot, six live birds, Chick, Wiley, Knight, Henry, Bassford, Cadwallader and Lockard made clean scores and divided the first money. In the second shoot, fifteen single blue rocks, Knight won, making a clean score. In the third shoot, fifteen single and ten pairs of blue rocks, Wittenbrock, Merrill and Wiley tied for first place with twenty-two each, and divided the first money. Cockyard defeated Wittenbrock in a private match at five pairs, score 9 to 7.

Atlanta (Ga.) Oct. 9.—The postal authorities today seized the weekly edition of the Atlanta Constitution, which contained offers of prizes to its subscribers, to be settled Christmas morning. The forms have been re-

vised and the edition is now being reprinted.

Their Demands Refused. NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—President King of the Erie road today issued a circular in reply to the long list of demands made by the employees a few days ago for increased wages, concessions on runs, hours, etc. The demands of the men are refused and the reasons therefor set out at length.

American Association. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 9.—Athletic, 4; Rochester, 10. BALTIMORE, Oct. 9.—Baltimore, 6; Syracuse, 3. LOUISVILLE, Oct. 9.—Louisville, 0; Toledo, 7. ST. LOUIS, Oct. 9.—St. Louis, 5; Columbus, 7.

Nine Miles of Fence Burned. SUSUN, (Cal.) Oct. 9.—On Tuesday evening, while a heavy north wind was blowing, a passing train caused a fire near Cannon Station, that burned about seven miles of fence and several hundred acres of dry feed. By most strenuous efforts the buildings of Stephen Bance were saved.

Pond at Merced. MERCED (Cal.) Oct. 9.—Mayor Pond and party arrived this afternoon and were met by prominent Democrats and tendered a reception. This evening a large crowd assembled at Leeke's Hall and listened to speeches by Mayor Pond, Hon. E. E. Leeke and Hon. Jas. H. Budd.

Admitted to Bail. FRESNO, Oct. 9.—The application of Jack Smith, the slayer of Percy Williams, to be admitted to bail, was heard by Judge Campbell today, who made an order admitting the defendant to bail in the sum of \$8,000, which was furnished.

Miss Drexel's Philanthropy. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 9.—Sister Catherine (Miss Kate Drexel) is about to have erected a great convent of the Sisters of Mercy in Bucks county, for the instruction of girls to qualify themselves for teaching among Indians.

Glass Will Go Up. PITTSBURGH, Oct. 9.—At a meeting of the Flint and Lime Glass Manufacturers' Association yesterday an advance of not quite 5 per cent. was made in prices.

Voting on a Constitution. SANTA FE, Oct. 9.—From present indications, the State constitution, voted upon at the special election Tuesday is defeated by upward of two thousand majority.

An Affray Over Cards. ALBANY (Ore.) Oct. 9.—Doc Logan today cut Harry Ward's throat from ear to ear, during a quarrel over a game of cards. Ward will probably die.

THE CHINESE CASES.

Officers Dunn and Johnson's Examination at Norwalk Today.

The examination of Police Officers Dunn and Johnson, arrested some days ago on the complaint of a Chinaman, sworn to appear before the Justice of the Peace at Norwalk, will take place at that town today. The officers are charged with malicious mischief in breaking down some iron doors in Chinese gambling houses, which is forbidden by an ordinance passed by the Council. The case is a peculiar one in many respects, and before it is concluded there is likely to be some sensational developments. In the first place, while some doors have doubtless been broken, the officers now under arrest have not happened to be on any of the raids in which this was done. Wells, Guthrie & Lee were the attorneys for the Chinese in one case before Justice Austin, when a decision was given that the ordinance was valid. Col. Wells was very much put out at the decision, and declared that the officers had no more right to break down a door in Chinatown than they would have in his own house, and insisted that the ordinance would be knocked out before the higher courts. The Chinese tried to get the Police Attorney refused to issue one. Nor would any magistrate in the city. The Norwalk justice is a law student in the office of Wells, Guthrie & Lee, and concluded to do a little detective work, as he supposed, on the side. On several occasions he spoke to the officers, telling them that they had the right to break down doors, and at the depot, on several occasions, tried to pump Dunn, as to what officers had taken part in the Chinatown raids. He was not very successful, however, and no one suspected what he was up to until the warrants were issued by him, and Dunn and Johnson were arrested. They were taken to the office of Wells, Guthrie & Lee, where they were admitted by the student-magistrate to bail in the sum of \$25 each, which was promptly given. The matter was then brought to the attention of the Police Commissioners, who requested the City Attorney to defend the officers, which he agreed to do.

The officers will leave for Norwalk this afternoon. Deputy City Attorney W. Dunn will also go along to conduct the defense, and Chief Glass will accompany the party. The indications are that the examination will be a lively affair, as the justice will probably be handled without gloves.

PERSONALS.

C. Revabean and N. F. Ashton of San Diego are at the Hollenbeck. Mrs. J. R. Willoughby and Mrs. M. E. Roberts of Ventura are at the Hollenbeck.

San Franciscans registered at the Nadeau yesterday were Charles J. Robinson, H. Meyerstein, B. Murrin, E. C. Mantlavi, C. H. Lent. W. J. Hunsacker, ex-Mayor of San Diego City and ex-District Attorney of San Diego county, was in the city yesterday on business.

Ed. S. Gill, editor of the Phoenix (Ariz.) Republican, arrived in the city on a flying visit last night. He leaves for home this afternoon.

Among the arrivals at the Nadeau yesterday were the following: John L. Truslow, Santa Barbara; F. B. Hanscom, Ferris; H. O. Barnes, Seattle, Wash.; A. F. Leachard, New Orleans; Alexander Santos, Panama; De Lancy Stone, New York.

Among the arrivals at the Hollenbeck yesterday were the following: N. J. Baldwin and wife, Fresno; A. N. Nesbit, Pomona; J. W. Vandervoort, Chicago; M. D. Clear, New York; George B. Zimbleman, Texas; C. H. Gray, Phoenix; C. H. Sweet and wife, San Pedro.

PRETTY GIRL ABROAD.

If You Meet Her Address Her in English.

FOR SHE IS AN AMERICAN, SURE.

The Lack of Beauty Among Continental Women—Types in France, Germany, Switzerland and Holland.

(Copyrighted, 1890—For the Times.)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 21.—[Special correspondence.] I watched her from the moment she sat down to "early life," as the Dutch idiom styles the national breakfast of coffee, bread and herrings. She had brown hair combed loosely back from a white forehead, large gray eyes and a fresh complexion. That she was American was evident even before she smiled the waiter, in his shabby dress suit, speechless as he asked for ice water. She wore a pretty traveling gown of black and gray. She put her elbows on the tablecloth, but the curves of her round arms were so graceful that one was easy when she assumed a more conventional pose.

I watched her butter her rolls and pat the gray-haired business man, evidently her father, on the back, and go on a marauding expedition across the table for an extra lump of sugar for her mother's chocolate. I did not take my eyes off her till she pushed back her chair and was bowed by the fascinated waiter out of the "etmaal."

Then I wondered why she so held my attention, and the answer was in her clear and large on the hotel table cloth—one seldom sees a pretty girl in Europe and when one does she is apt to be American.

It would be an interesting question, if one could hope for an answer, why womanly beauty is so rare, at least over the northern half of the continent. It was under the shadow of the Jungfrau that an English girl leaned on her arm and asked a crowd of urchins flocked about her to sell that white flannel handkerchief which she paid off elsewhere on the unwary.

"Here are twenty good-looking children," said she to her father, "and the boys will grow into sturdy handsome men, but the girls will take smallpox or die young." It is true that it would be hard to find fifty physically attractive women in Switzerland.

Land is more attractive in climate and its mountains, which it would seem to make one fair to say to grow up continually looking on them; it is also true that the case is not much better in the countries round about Switzerland or in the English island itself, except indeed among what the English girl would have called the "lower classes."

Sir John Millais' lament that female loveliness is dying out of Great Britain has gone round the world, but it must be acknowledged that the tight little island has still pretty chambermaids. It would be hard to say just how the law of natural selection has worked to breed about such results, but while the country girls of New Hampshire and Western Massachusetts have a wild-rose grace that the heavier build of the English farmer's daughter cannot rival, while the saleswomen in New York stores are more attractive in countenance, though, alas, not manner, than women clerks in the great London houses; while there are more beautiful faces to be seen on Fifth avenue than in Rotterdam, one cannot be waited on in America, but in Hebes anything like as rosy and bright-eyed as the white-capped, white-aproned, pleasant-voiced damsels who fill one's water pitcher wherever one finds rest for the sole of one's foot in the United Kingdom.

Were I a poet I would write an ode to the chambermaids who have fetched my candles and my towels. The high-bred English girl is of her sort absolute perfection, but a liking for her resembles a taste for olives, keen when once acquired, but natural to few persons. She is, indeed, tall, fresh complexioned. One cannot hope to find elsewhere on the civilized globe such splendid specimens of physical humanity as the young men and young women who row and punt and lounge on the decks of houseboats on the Thames. Generations of good feeding and outdoor life have developed a magnificent type of broad-shouldered man, deep-chested, altogether admirable; equally vigorous, to all appearance, in the woman, but in divers ways peculiarly ungraceful.

The aristocratic English girl has a face of remarkable shape. The better her position, according to Burke's Peetrage, the longer is her countenance. An expert might distinguish an Hon. Miss from a Lady Mary, daughter of a hundred Earls, and a Lady M. from her Grace by the simple process of measurement. The face is not oval, it is merely elongated, and the chin is apt to be pointed. The more marked this characteristic is the individual, the more certain is the rank, and the high on the head, tilting the stiff collar down over the eyes and exaggerating the diagonal. In evening dress a bunch of plumes or a tall pin is thrust into the hair upon the crown, and produced the same effect. The eyes are rather long and often in proportion narrow, the neck extensive and made much of by the tight, high dress collar. An English girl's shoulders are broad and square, arms long, waist long, and effect in the tailor gown angular, only partially relieved by the clear red and white complexion and the general air of health and well-being. No other woman in Europe has her physique, but measured by Greek standards she is far from beautiful.

It is a mistake to suppose that the Englishwoman holds her youth longer than the American. She does not fade but she continues in the same case there is a special reason for this, as the air or eight inebriate asylums for women with every reach of London might testify.

The Frenchwoman has the one quality which the Englishwoman misses. She is almost invariably graceful, but she has no roses. I never saw three Parisians who were in face beautiful. One afternoon on the promenade at Ostende a voice behind me exclaimed: "See that lovely French girl?" She had chestnut hair and wonderfully blue eyes, and certainly she was wearing French clothes. As she came nearer we bowed metaphorically before her high-bred slippers in acknowledgment that she was a queen and that we welcomed her into her kingdom. In a moment she was abreast of us. What were the words that fell upon our ears? "Isn't it just to sweet, but I wish I could get a pound of Philadelphia caramel!"

One may set it down as a rule almost without exception that the women who are at once French in toilet and pretty, are of United States origin. The Frenchwoman does not enter a beauty contest with a fair field and favor. She is a slender, colorless little thing, without a drop of honest red blood in her veins, at an age when the

English girl is at her freshest, because, by her physical and mental training, her development is retarded. She eats sweetmeats and walks out decorously behind a veil. Theoretically when she marries she is still a child, but a child who has not been allowed to run in the first year or two of married life there comes a sudden blossoming, but the Gallic nature, with its emotional temperament, its vivacity, its sensitiveness, pines for very quickly in the face of its womanly virtues, a fact brought up to have the Saxon stamina. The Parisienne is apt to be shallow, well-dressed and witty, the repartee and the toilet often proving more effective than a better complexion.

In Switzerland the women who are best favored are found on the St. Gotthard route and the lines of the passes leading into Italy. They are Italian largely in blood and language; but, aside from a vision of two or three dark Southern faces framed in a bright handkerchief, the only picture of a pretty Swiss woman which comes to me is that of an inn-keeper's daughter in the bleak Useren Thal, who served white wine in a desert barren of female charms. In Lucerne and Zurich, as well as on the mountain side, the women of the land of Tell seem heavy of feature and figure.

The German girl who is pretty is most fair and sweet to look upon, with her smooth hair and fresh skin and her contented absorption in the daily interests of the household. She is not child like the Frenchwoman, nor is she like the English girl, but she is most blooming and wholesome and pleasant to live with. It rests the eyes to pass her in the streets of Heidelberg or Cologne, with her unlined forehead void of anxiety, or to watch the air of importance with which she jingles a huge bunch of keys. She is not nervous looking. Indeed, she often falls of beauty by reason of too much placidity. It is only under stress of some little excitement that her face gains interest by gaining expression. Germany is not a woman's country, and a noble type of beauty—the beauty of maturity—can hardly flourish luxuriantly, though one may find single blossoms, in a land where women are shut out from large and noble interests. The German builds his railroad cars for men. His people are not so much interested in the nineteenth compartments out of twenty, the twentieth being nominally, not often actually, reserved for "non-smokers." The German newspapers are for men and education. The German woman looks well to the ways of the household, but to the foreigner she seems to spend much time on little things, and to lose the light that shines behind the face lit from the same source of world's thinking and feeling. If she would but for a moment put aside her knitting. Life is not all stockings.

The German woman does not dress well, and here she loses by comparison with France or England. She has adopted the tailor gown, but German tailors do not cut it to fit without awkward wrinkles. She wears the sailor hat also, and it is even less becoming to her round face than to the English long one. She gets heavier, much earlier in life than she ought, but even when her pounds have multiplied themselves she walks with splendid vigor. I believe the only white-haired woman I saw in Germany was an Alpine peasant. Frenchwomen look at the mountains from the valley hotels. American women go where mules can take them. The British matron is carried to view points in a chair by six porters, but the German woman of almost any age will climb.

Flemish women are small. They lack the French grace and have no more than the French beauty. The women of Brussels are quiet Parisians, but those of Antwerp are rather after the Dutch type. Pretty girls are about as common in Holland as anywhere in Europe. The type is trim, smiling, intelligent, quite what the English would call middle class prettiness. Here in Amsterdam one can count them by the hundred; light brown hair, blue eyes, plenty of sense but very little poetry. They are healthy and likeable and the souls of good humor, quite the faces that look out of the old Dutch pictures.

Europe, England excepted, impresses an American as inhabited chiefly by people who are pale and small. The American girl should care to marry a European, and a noble curiosity, but that the noble should desire to marry an American girl is sufficiently intelligible. The chances are she is altogether the prettiest and most charming girl he has ever seen.

ELIZA PUTNAM HEATON.

Feast of Pomona. WATSONVILLE (Cal.) Oct. 9.—The Feast of Pomona was celebrated this evening by the State Grange. The next session of the State Grange will be held in Hayward.

Mrs. Humphrey Ward has a scheme for a "Robert Elsmere" settlement. The society formed itself for the purpose of the promotion of religious life under the altered conditions which, to many, seem to be imposed upon it by the advances in knowledge during the present century.

"Weak and weary" describes the condition of many people debilitated by the warm weather, by disease or overwork. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine needed to build up and strengthen the body, purify and quicken the sluggish blood and restore the appetite.

California State Series School Books, and others at Langstaff's, 208 S. Spring, opposite Hollenbeck Hotel.

Seniors' Celebrated Floor Paint At corner & Quinn, 140 South Main St. W. B. TULLIS, watchmaker, 402 South Spring street. Watches cleaned for \$1.50.

Mrs. Dr. Wells Removed To the Clinton 233 North Broadway, corner of Temple, Los Angeles. Specialist in diseases of women.

Dr. S. M. Stocum, Removed To 212 S. Broadway, Rooms 2 and 3. Diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat, exclusively.

Mme. A. Haagen, dealer in fine millinery, carries a very fine line of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, of the latest styles, at very reasonable prices. 329 N. Sprng St.

What's the use driving up town where the streets are crowded and you are liable to get run over and killed, when you can buy your Groceries for less money at \$20 and \$40 South Spring street. Between 8th & 9th Streets.

Drive up to our door opposite public school on Spring street and halloo. Ah there! and we will sell you Groceries that will make you happy. BROWN & CHILDS.

A Farm Hunting For an Owner. Ten acres of land (good title) will be given an Rheumatic or Neuritic patient that the hot mud baths at Arrowhead Springs, will not cure after proper trial.

Frank X. Engler, Piano Regulator and Tuner, 119 S. Olive St.

Di. D. HAGIN—in this city, Thursday, Oct. 9th, 1890, John W. Hagin, aged 55 years.

STATE AND COAST.

Crook county, Or., wants church property taxed.

The weather in the interior is exceedingly warm. Lindsay, Tulare county, is to have a \$10,000 school house.

The Utah Territorial Fair has opened at Salt Lake. The Lassen County Fair is open at Susanville.

Fort McDowell, A. T., has been set aside for Indian school purposes.

The campus plume crop in Santa Barbara county is estimated at \$1,000,000.

The county boards of supervisors are busy fixing the State and county tax rate.

The new Cumberland Presbyterian Church of Eugene, Ore., was dedicated Sunday.

Seven Chinamen were taken to San Rafael and charged with illegal fishing.

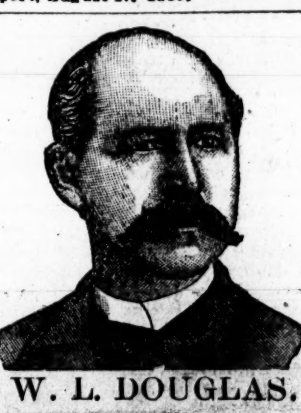
August Poulain, aged 68 years, a well-known merchant and distiller at San José is dead.

San José's shipments in the way of fruit, wine, leather, etc., last week, were 4,633,140 pounds.

A garrote at Sacramento got in his work on C. Mendel Sunday night and captured a gold watch and diamond pin.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. U. S. Government Report, August 17, 1883.

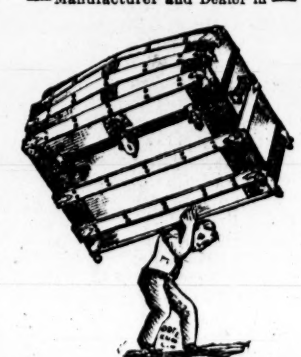


W. L. DOUGLAS. \$2.50 Men's Shoes. \$3.00 Men's Shoes. \$4.00 Men's Shoes. \$3.00 Ladies' Shoes. \$1.75 Youth's School Shoes. \$2.00 Boys' School Shoes.

THE CELEBRATED SHOES ARE TO BE HAD ONLY AT THE

Massachusetts Shoe House, 129 W. FIRST ST., LOS ANGELES.

J. C. CUNNINGHAM, Manufacturer and Dealer in—



TRUNKS AND TRAVELING BAGS. Repairing promptly attended to. Old trunks taken in exchange. Orders called for and delivered to all parts of the City.

132 S. MAIN ST. Telephone No. 818.

—GRAND—Republican Ratification.

NEW ARMY HALL, (Over Broadway Market), SATURDAY NIGHT, OCT. 11th, 1890.

—ALL THE—REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES WILL BE PRESENT.

JUDGE R. B. CARPENTER, WALTER S. MOORE, AND OTHERS.

Will address the meeting. Music by Brass Band. Singing by Glee Clubs.

Seats will be reserved for ladies. Every body invited. By order of County Committee. R. J. NORTHAM, Chairman. C. C. ALLEN, Secretary.

Notice for Publication of Time for Proving Will, Etc.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF Los Angeles, State of California. In the matter of the estate of Louise M. Milliken, deceased. Notice is hereby given that Tuesday, the 22nd day of October, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, the court will hear and determine the petition of said Louise M. Milliken, widow of said deceased, for appointment as executor of said deceased, and for the appointment of George K. Milliken, Lillian Coulter and J. M. Elliott, praying that a document now on file in this Court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased be admitted to probate that letters of testamentary be issued thereon to them at which time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same. Dated October 10th, 1890.

J. M. MEREDITH, Clerk. By M. J. ASHMORE, Deputy. Chapman & Hendricks Att'ys for petitioner.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Boots and Shoes.

SCHOOL CHILDREN CAN EARN MONEY BY CALLING ON "LEWIS,"

THE LEADING SHOE HOUSE.

Our Prize Book Covers, suitable for all school books, are now being distributed FREE to all school children. Every cover will tell you how to earn money by competing for our cash prizes. School children, come at once and get your BOOK COVERS. You don't need to purchase shoes to get BOOK COVER.

SCHOOL SHOES.

This week we will devote our attention exclusively to the wants OF THE LITTLE ONES. We expect to, and WE WILL sell more Children's Shoes than any store in town.

WHY? BECAUSE we carry only reliable first-class makes. BECAUSE we allow no store of any kind to undersell us. BECAUSE we are the Leaders of the town. BECAUSE we carry the LARGEST stock, do the biggest business, and warrant all of our shoes. BECAUSE we have got what you want, can fit any one, and, above all, our PRICES, our GOODS, and our SERVICE are beyond all question the LOWEST, the BEST, and the NEWEST OF ALL STORES.

Are not these reasons enough for YOU to trade with us? Here are PRICES that speak for themselves!

— THIS WEEK WE SELL —

THE "MONARCH" SCHOOL SHOE. Misses' sizes, 11 to 2..... } \$1.30 Youths' sizes, 13 to 2..... } A PAIR! Children's sizes, 8 to 10+..... } \$1.25 Per Pair.

We warrant every pair of them to be thoroughly reliable and SOLID SERVICEABLE SHOES. None other equals them in QUALITY, WEAR OR PRICE.

Children's extra heavy Dongola Button Shoes, double extension soles—a dressy, stylish shoe, \$1.50. Good value at \$2.50.

Children's "Guracoa Kid, hand-turned button shoes, sizes 8 to 10, \$1.25. Very pretty, and worth fully \$2.00.

Misses' Fine Dongola Kid Button Shoes, spring heels, extension edge soles, \$1.50. Good value at \$2.50.

Boys' Calf Button Lace and Congress Shoes, in all the popular style, from the most reliable factories in the world. WE KNOW we can fit ANY boy, and we know we can PLEASE the parents, because our Shoes WILL WEAR, and our PRICES ARE RIGHT.

Boys' and Youths' Calf Shoes from \$1.50 upwards.

"LEWIS,"

THE LEADING SHOE HOUSE, NO. 201 NORTH SPRING STREET.

UNSWEETENED PURE CREAM.

—FOR— Coffee, Fruits, Desserts, Ice Cream, And All Culinary Purposes.

To one part of "H. Highland Milk" add four parts of dairy milk, and obtain an excellent cream for all table and culinary uses. Less expensive than that supplied by dairies.

FOR SALE BY ALL WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS.

W. H. MAURICE, No. 146 N. Los Angeles St., Los Angeles, Cal.

SOLE AGENT FOR SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

RESULT OF A STOCK BOUGHT AT SHERIFF'S SALE:

— \$4.95 —

Buy Johnson & Murphy's FINE SHOES

— AT THE — BANKRUPT SALE OF —

GIBSON & TYLER, 142 and 144 North Spring Street.

PATRICK BROS., —WHOLESALE DEALERS IN—

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, —REMOVED TO—

146½ and 148 Los Angeles St.

WORKS: SAN FERNANDO & RAILROAD STS. —AND— MAGDALENA AVE.

Los Angeles Pipe Manufacturing Co. JED HOOKER & CO. RIV

THE CAMPAIGN.

A Legislative Black List Suggested.

THE PILLAGE OF THE STATE.

The Congressional Election—Why Elect Democrats?—Markham and Bowers in San Diego—A Democratic Boister.

[San Francisco Bulletin.] It appears that six members of the last Senate and seven members of the last Assembly have been so far re-nominated for the Democratic party. Of the six senators re-nominated four are Democrats and two are Republicans. Of the Assemblymen re-nominated five are Republicans and two are Democrats. These nominations are as follows:

FOR THE STATE SENATE.
J. W. Ragsdale (Rep.) Sonoma county.
Robert Howe (Dem.) Sonoma county.
D. A. Ostrom (Dem.) Yuba and Sutter counties.
William Simpson (Rep.) Alameda county.
J. H. Seawell (Dem.) Mendocino and Lake counties.
L. R. Tullock (Dem.) Merced, Tuolumne and Stanislaus counties.
ASSEMBLYMEN.
J. R. Lowe (Rep.) Santa Clara county.
F. L. Coombs (Rep.) Napa county.
E. S. Culver (Rep.) Alameda county.
Josiah Sims (Rep.) Nevada county.
Thomas Renison (Dem.) Monterey county.
A. O. Young (Rep.) San Diego county.
R. S. Johnson (Rep.) San Joaquin county.

It may be that all of these nominees are able to prove that they not only did not participate in the pillage of 1889, but did all in their power to repress and check it. The production of a record of that kind would be very refreshing and inspiring, and the more so from the fact that its existence has not heretofore been suspected by the public. But if any number of them or the whole of them are not able to make a showing of that character, their re-election will prove to be a great public disaster. The re-nominations are nearly equally divided between the two parties—six Democrats to seven Republicans. The election of the candidate in each of these Senate and Assembly districts who was not a member of the last Legislature will not make a great deal of difference politically.

But the people owe it to themselves to administer punishment to every member of the last Legislature who is not able to establish that he opposed the pillage from which the State is but slowly recovering. If prompt action of that kind is not taken, the "skinning of cats" will be repeated at no distant day, and the more so from the fact that the constituents did not deserve it. In some cases of re-nomination the people had probably very little to say. This sort of work is often done by the courteous clique, and that is an organization which is usually in deep sympathy with the tax-payers. It is true that some counties may have received benefits from the enormous appropriations of 1889. But when the matter is sifted to the bottom it will be found that it is only a few operators in them who have really gained anything. No appropriation made in 1889, no matter how large, will compensate all the tax-payers in any county for the State tax of 73.2 cents last year and the State tax of 55 cents this year. To meet these drains a large part of the earnings of the farmers, fruit-raisers and winemakers for two years has been and will have to be paid into the State Treasury.

When all the nominations are made for the Senate and Assembly it will be in order to publish lists in which all members of the last Legislature who have been re-nominated will be especially indicated, unless they are able to prove themselves to be able to purge themselves of participation in the most gigantic public robbery that has ever occurred in an American State. This is one of the issues of the campaign that cannot and will not be ignored. It is a measure of self-protection which is absolutely essential to the well-being of the community.

Markham and Bowers.

[San Diego Sun.] The veal vaticinations of a San Diego youth in Los Angeles about the respective prospects in this county of Markham and Bowers may impress the Los Angeles Herald seriously, but they are received here with a careless jeer. The youth in question has a gudge as Senator Bowers as well as an amusing desire to go to Congress himself, and the Herald interview was a part of his alleged strategy.

As for Col. Markham, he will poll the entire Republican vote of San Diego county. If Senator Bowers runs ahead of him at all it will be at the expense of the Democrats who know and respect him as an old neighbor. That these are the facts of the case, every body in San Diego county, Democrats as well as Republicans, thoroughly understand.

If we may be permitted to advise the Herald, we will say that the next time it desires to find out how San Diego Republicans are going to vote, let it consult somebody who is not generally regarded as an under-study for a calf.

The Congressional Election.

[San Francisco Chronicle.] In view of what the present Congress has done for California under Republican rule can the people of this State afford to elect a single Democrat to the next or Fifty-second Congress? Leaving the question of graft out of consideration, can California, as a business proposition, run the risk of a reversal of the policy which has been so liberal to her in the present and which must be so beneficial in the future?

These are not questions to be passed over lightly, nor are they to be determined by individual preferences or likings. It is a foregone conclusion that if the Democrats secure a majority in the next Congress they will endeavor to undo the work of the present Congress and to put into force that sort of base-born and illegitimate free trade which they seek to make more acceptable to the people by calling it tariff reform. They will level all their canons at certain provisions of the McKinley bill, and among them some which are advantageous in the extreme to California.

The people of this State must vote at the coming election with their eyes open. They must realize that every vote for a Democratic candidate for Congress means a blow at the wine industry, the raisin industry, the citrus fruit industry, the best-sugar industry—in fact at nearly everything which is of peculiar benefit to California and to which she looks for her future prosperity. Every interest named runs the chance of being affected injuriously

should the Fifty-second Congress be Democratic. Nor can the California voters rely upon the individual professions or assertions of Democratic candidates for Congress that the interests of the State would not suffer at their hands. King Caucus would be too strong for them, and they would have to vote to pull down the industrial fabric which the people of California have built with so much labor and trouble when the orders came from their party leaders. The history of the Mills bill in the World showed how much reliance a Democratic Congressman's constituents could put in his promises to protect their interests and how readily they would fall down when the party whip cracked.

Before many days now the composition of the Fifty-second Congress will be determined. California, if she has any sense or judgment, will do her part towards maintaining its present political complexion by electing six Republicans to represent the State in the Lower House.

Left the Democratic Party.
[San Bernardino Times-Index.] Owing to the fact that the Courier did not have honor enough to prove its assertion that there was a letter in existence written by H. H. Markham, denouncing his Irish miners, and employing Chinese instead, the San Francisco World, an influential weekly newspaper, which copied the editorial of the Courier, has left the Democratic party and now comes out in support of the Republican State ticket. Wonder which paper is the mascot?

THE LATE PRINTERS' STRIKE.

Facts that Controversy Misrepresentation—Attitude of "The Times."

First. The strike was not on account of wages, hours of labor, lack of prompt payment, or any personal grievance.

Second. The proprietors of the four daily papers had under consideration the question of retrenchment in their several establishments, and agreed unanimously in laying before the Typographical Union, for consideration, the question of a slight reduction in rates of composition—not, however, presenting any ultimatum. The union arbitrarily refused any concession, and on the 4th of August made a stand-and-deliver demand upon the proprietors to sign, within twenty-four hours, a contract maintaining existing rates for the period of one year. The proprietors, believing that to comply would be unmanly and degrading, refused to sign. The strike followed within twenty-four hours, being formally put into force at 6 o'clock on the afternoon of August 5th, though the men employed on THE TIMES had actually stopped work several hours before. The proprietors rallied and got out their papers without missing an issue, though much crippled for the time being.

Third. The union strikers having voluntarily abandoned good situations on THE TIMES and the Herald, and locked themselves out, the proprietors had no alternative left but to fill their places permanently, which they have done.

Fourth. The force employed by THE TIMES are members of the Protective Fraternity, a rival organized labor body. The men receive the same wages as their predecessors, are equally competent, more reliable, and not unjust or despotic in the demands. The Fraternity has discipline, solidarity and esprit de corps. The members work under laws, rules and regulations of their own, which do not interfere with that control which the proprietors have a right to exercise over their own property and business. Their motto is: "Live and let live."

Fifth. The attitude of THE TIMES towards organized labor cannot be successfully assailed. We confidently appeal to the unimpeachable judgment rendered by our pay-rolls from week to week during many years. For the year ended September 30, 1889, THE TIMES' composing-room bills aggregated \$27,887.93, being a weekly average of \$838.95. For the seven months and five days immediately preceding the strike—that is, from December 31st, 1889, to August 5th, 1890, inclusive—THE TIMES furnished to the mistaken men who went out on strike steady and lucrative employment aggregating 4213 days, being a little over 702 weeks of six working days each. For this service we paid \$17,114.40, averaging \$40.41 per month, or \$507.40 per week, being an increase over the rate per week for the preceding year. The average pay per man during this period, instead of being lower than formerly, was high; it was a trifle over \$4.00 per day around. The averages agreed upon by individual members of the force were as follows:

Foreman (when working full time) per week \$35.00
Assistant foreman (when working full time) 31.50
Day foreman per week (for partial time only) 16.50
Compositors, each (for six days' work) 24.00
Apprentices (for six days' work) 12.00
The piece rate was 50 cents per 1000 ems, is the highest paid on the coast, and obtains only in the leading cities. It is from 20 to 30 per cent. higher than the rates prevailing in most of the large Eastern cities.

Sixth. These high rates have not been lowered by us; they still prevail in THE TIMES office.

Seventh. In the emergency which was forced upon us by the action of the Typographical Union, against the wish of many of its best members, there were but three alternatives left to us as proprietors of THE TIMES, responsible to the public for its daily appearance. These alternatives were: (1) surrender to the unjust and tyrannical demands of the strikers; (2) suspension of publication and abandonment of business; (3) the employment of a new force to take the place of the strikers. We could not think of accepting either the first or the second alternative, but chose the third as being necessary, right and expedient.

Eighth. The result has proven satisfactory. The strike is over. It was a failure. The strikers have no just ground to stand upon. They see their mistake, regret their course, and wish they were restored to the good positions which they voluntarily abandoned. But it is too late. A boycott cannot succeed in this community, which is too intelligent, too independent and too just to be drawn into a crusade of proscription. Besides, the would-be boycotters are not in the right, but clearly in the wrong.

The average citizen justly prides himself on his ability to manage his own business for himself, and properly resents the unasked and therefore impudent interference of others in his private affairs.

We sell a fancy California Flour at \$1.25 per 50-pound sack. Try it.

JOHN W. CHILDRESS, Tel. 451. 238 and 540 South Spring street.

Doctors at Berlin. The army of doctors has apparently enjoyed itself amazingly at Berlin, where science and surgery have been judiciously tempered with amusements of the most varied description. In the history of the world no such array of medicine men has ever been seen as that which met in the gorgeous Kunst Anstaltung to listen to the welcoming words of Virchow, the pathologist; Von Gossler, the minister of medicine and religion (an excellent combination of functions), and Von Falckenbeck, the chief burgomaster.

Sir James Paget secured the warmest reception of the foreign delegates; Dr. Baccelli, the Italian, "the wise convalescent," his cart, collegi, insisted on using Latin as a common language, and Dr. von Bergmann's normal appearance has been vastly improved by his brand new uniform, although the passing interest he once excited was wholly eclipsed by Grand Duke Theodore, of Bavaria, the eminent oculist, who brought the grand duchess to look down on her husband's 5,000 fellow practitioners from a box. The heat was more than tropical, but the doctors submitted to be closely packed with the best possible grace, and the one royalty of the whole European faculty was indefatigable in pointing out to his wife such celebrities as the veteran Von Bardeleben, whose breast glittered with orders; Sir William McCormack and fifty others—London World.

Wild Animals in Connecticut.

Others and minks were very scarce in Connecticut a dozen years ago, and it was feared that the animals might become extinct, for their hides were worth from \$5 to \$10 apiece, and everybody hunted them. Then suddenly fashion changed her mind about the value of mink and other skins, the price went down and now the animals abound in the state again. So numerous have minks become there that they are getting to be quite familiar with country people. Recently a mink, frightened by a sharp thunder storm, fled out of a meadow, rushed into a farmer's dwelling, and raced from room to room until a hound caught him upstairs in a chamber.

A still more remarkable incident occurred in Hartford a few days ago. A mink trotted right into the heart of the city, among throngs of people on the streets, and passed all kinds of dogs with impunity, and finally made his way into the back yard of a big store on Asylum street. In the yard men cornered him and tried to capture him alive, but he fought so desperately that they had to kill him.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Mountains Full of Gold.

Recent explorations of the Olympic mountains have been of great interest to mining men. A geologist who has given some attention to the work of the exploring parties, says: "I have examined many specimens from the Olympic, but until late they were of low grade outcroppings. Recently, however, some extremely rich specimens have been received. These new discoveries have excited a great deal of interest in prospectors in this region, and specimens are coming in rapidly. Not long since I received one piece that was so rich that I refused to assay it, as it could not possibly be a fair sample. It would have averaged over \$100,000 per ton. There could not possibly have been in any locality any considerable quantity of quartz so rich. I have long known that this district was rich in coal and iron. I am now convinced that it hides vast treasures of silver and gold. Numerous prospecting parties are being fitted out, and hundreds of prospectors are already in the mountains, which are quite easy of access."—Tacoma (Wash.) Cor. St. Louis Republic.

Miles Upon Miles of Whales.

The officers and passengers of the steamship Veendam state that when the vessel was at about latitude 45, longitude 41, on Saturday, Aug. 23, they passed through the largest herd of whales that has been seen in the north Atlantic for many years. Professor J. L. Howe, of Louisville, who was a passenger, says: "The passengers were all on deck enjoying the unusual sight of a distinctive line of demarcation between the light blue waters of the Gulf stream and the dark green waters of the arctic current, the line being so distinct that when one half of the vessel was in one current the other half was in the other current."

"Suddenly some one in the bow called out 'There she blows!' and all eyes were turned toward a light spray upon the horizon. Soon more and more puffs were seen, and in half an hour the steamer was amid a surging, bellowing herd of sea monsters. I would not attempt to make an estimate as to their number," said Professor Howe, "but I calculated that the herd covered an area of about a hundred square miles."—New York Herald.

Twilight in Borderland.

The sky is a glow with the sunset light. He has poured his gold over tower and tree, and scattered his diamonds upon the sea. Dropped his richest jewels on the roof of white, and his tears on the flower's pink and white. Yet I leave them, mother, and fly to thee.

Over field and woodland and dark ravine My spirit is borne on its pinions fleet. Till I grasp your hand and our kind eyes meet. Then we wander away in a glorious dream. And doat and dote in a mystical shroud. To a realm unknown to mortal feet.

We bask in that wonderful region of light. We are filled and thrilled with love's sweetest tones. While we drink of a bliss to some unknown. Oh, what do they know of pure delight. Whose souls never stretched out their wings in flight.

Who never have found and embraced their own. —Boston Budget.

TAKE SSS IN THE SPRING. Nature should be assisted in the spring to throw off the heaviness of the sluggish winter circulation of the blood. Nothing does it so well, so promptly and safely as SSS's S-S-S.

I have used S. S. S. for a number of years, and consider it the best blood remedy that I ever used. In fact I would not attempt to enter in a spring or summer in this climate without it.

Of Coleman, Ferguson & Co., Dade City, Fla.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, its many excellent qualities commend it to all. It is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N. Y.

THE NATIONALIST PLATFORM.

Send for free copies to WEEKLY NATIONALIST, 830 South Main St., Los Angeles. Head what our enemies say of it: "No such broad, bold and anarchistic demands has ever been found in any political platform from any party, Union or American. 'History or fiction existence. No man can say that it is a Democratic or Republican platform. It is a platform for the people. Don't be fooled; don't be humbugged into trying to better your condition by voting for H. G. W. for Congress, in the hope that you are to get all you produce." (Signed) "A GOOD GOVERNMENT."

(In Los Angeles Times.)

Read the Nationalist platform and judge for yourself, and then you will surely scratch your head and wonder for H. G. W. Nationalist nominee for Congress. Nationalist mass meetings every Saturday night on the Court House steps, and every Sunday night at Turner Hall. Send for copy of H. G. W. challenge to Stephen White to debate for a \$500 purse—the question: "Resolved, that public ownership is the only solution to the trust problem."

Come and Hear What We Have to Say.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

W. R. BLACKMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Office, 118 NORTH MAIN ST., Los Angeles.

Times-Mirror Premium.
READY FOR DELIVERY!

THE \$5 PREMIUM ATLAS!
THE MOST VALUABLE PREMIUM EVER OFFERED

BY A NEWSPAPER
For a Single Subscription!

THE TIMES
THE LOS ANGELES TIMES
ATLAS OF THE WORLD.

A well-bound book of 216 pages, containing full-page maps of the States of the Union and countries of the world and a double-page map of California. This edition is published by the great house of Rand, McNally & Co., Chicago, especially upon the order of the Los Angeles Times, and is identical with their standard atlas.

THE ATLAS SELLS IN THE BOOKSTORES FOR \$4 A COPY,

But, with the splendid double-page map of California which has been prepared for and inserted in it,

This Special Times Edition is Well Worth \$5.

We are able to offer it as a premium on the following liberal basis:

The Daily Times

By carrier, anywhere in Los Angeles or Pasadena, and the

Premium Atlas,

— Takes Pleasure in Announcing that the —

NEW PREMIUM ATLAS

IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY.

For \$10.20 a Year (in Advance).

The Daily Times

By mail one year, and

Premium Atlas,

For \$9 a Year (Postage Added).

FOR A CLUB OF FIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS TO

THE WEEKLY MIRROR,

AND \$10 IN CASH,

A copy of the Premium Atlas will be given gratis to the organizer of the club.

This scheme is especially commended to schools, where a canvass is convenient, and where the atlas is desirable and valuable. The Weekly Mirror is just the paper for boys, girls, teachers and parents. An active teacher can obtain the atlas free. Here is a chance to secure a valuable reference book for next to nothing.

SINGLE COPIES.

For \$4.00, in advance, we will mail The Weekly Mirror one year and a copy of the Premium Atlas.

DON'T MISS IT.

DON'T MISS IT.

DON'T MISS IT.

DON'T MISS IT.

THIS OFFER

Does not run indefinitely as to time, but

IS LIMITED.

Therefore, take advantage of it while you may.

SPECIMEN COPY to be seen at the counting-room.

Call on or address

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,

Times Building,

Corner Broadway and First St., Los Angeles, Cal.

A TRIAL FREE.
PLEASANT TO TAKE

-Green's Guaranteed Cure-
—PURELY VEGETABLE—

The Great Swedish System Invigorator.

Used in the Hospitals of Great Britain, France, Germany and Sweden.

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE FOR GENITAL debility, nervous affections and weak state of all kinds. No matter from whatever cause. Chronic Constipation, Dyspepsia, all forms of Malaria, Headache, Indigestion, Pain in Back, Sciatica, Rheumatism, all blood, liver and kidney troubles; brain workers and professional men will find Green's Guaranteed Cure an invaluable asset. The Cure is got now. It has been used throughout Europe and America for years and has been found to be a sure cure. A cure guaranteed. Trial free on application. Price, 25c. per box; 4 for \$1.00. Mail or express to any address, city or State.

Money returned if Kelly's Corn Cure fails. Twenty-five Cents a bottle.

